

1 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2 FOR THE DISTRICT OF PUERTO RICO
3

4 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
5

6 Plaintiff
7

8 v. NOEL J. RIVERA CANDELARIO,
9

Defendant

CRIMINAL 08-0184 (ADC)

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11 MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION
RE: RULE 11(c)(1)(A) & (B) PROCEEDINGS (PLEA OF GUILTY)

12 I. Personal Background
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14 On May 16, 2008, Noel J. Rivera Candelario, the defendant herein, was
15 charged in a three-count indictment, count three is a forfeiture count. He agrees to
16 plead guilty to count two.

17 Count two charges defendant of aiding and abetting others known and
18 unknown to the Grand Jury, did knowingly and willfully, conduct and attempt to
19 conduct a financial transaction affecting interstate and foreign commerce, to wit,
20 delivered \$99,996, using the code "De Ricky Para La Sobrina" to identify this
21 transaction, which involved the proceeds of a specified unlawful activity, that is,
22 drug trafficking in violation of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and
23 Control Act, 21 U.S.C. § 801, et seq., knowing that the transaction was designed in
24 whole and in part to conceal and disguise the nature, location, the source, the
25 ownership, and the control of the proceeds of such specified unlawful activity, all in
26 violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1956(a)(1)(B)(I) and § 2.

27 Count three is the forfeiture count, which will be consistent and limited to the
28 money proceeds involved in count two, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 982.

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3 II. Consent to Proceed Before a Magistrate Judge

4 On October 10, 2008, while assisted by Julio Gil de la Madrid, Esq., the
5 defendant, by consent, appeared before me in order to change his previous not guilty
6 plea to a plea of guilty as to count two of the indictment.7 In open court the defendant was questioned as to the purpose of the hearing
8 being held. The defendant responded that the purpose of the hearing was to plead
9 guilty. The defendant was advised of his right to have all proceedings, including the
10 change of plea hearing, before a United States district judge. Defendant was given
11 notice of: (a) the nature and purpose of the hearing; (b) the fact that all inquiries
12 were to be conducted under oath and that it was expected that his answers would
13 be truthful (he was also explained that the consequences of lying under oath could
14 lead to a perjury charge); and (c) his right to have the change of plea proceedings
15 presided over by a district judge instead of a magistrate judge. The defendant was
16 also explained the differences between the appointment and functions of the two.
17 The defendant consent to proceed before this magistrate judge.

18 III. Proceedings Under Rule 11, Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure

19 A. Compliance With Requirements Rule 11(c)(1)

20 Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure governs the
21 acceptance of guilty pleas to federal criminal violations. Pursuant to
22 Rule 11, in order for a plea of guilty to constitute a valid waiver of the
23 defendant's right to trial, guilty pleas must be knowing and voluntary:
24 "Rule 11 was intended to ensure that a defendant who pleads guilty
25 does so with an 'understanding of the nature of the charge and
26 consequences of his plea.'" United States v. Cotal-Crespo, 47 F.3d 1, 4
(1st Cir. 1995) (quoting McCarthy v. United States, 394 U.S. 459, 467
(1969)). [There are three core concerns in these proceedings]: 1)
27 absence of coercion; 2) understanding of the charges; and 3) knowledge
28 of the consequences of the guilty plea. United States v. Cotal-Crespo, 47
F.3d at 4 (citing United States v. Allard, 926 F.2d 1237, 1244-45 (1st
Cir. 1991)).United States v. Hernández-Wilson, 186 F.3d 1, 5 (1st Cir. 1999).

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In response to further questioning, defendant was explained and he understood that if convicted on count two, the penalty is a term of imprisonment which shall not be more than 20 years, a fine of not more than \$500,000 or twice the value of the property involved in the transaction, whichever is greater, and a term of supervised release of not more than five years in addition to any term of incarceration, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1956.

Count three requires that defendant agrees to forfeit to the United States the amount of money proceeds involved in the offense, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 982.

Prior to or at the time of sentencing, the defendant shall pay a special monetary assessment of \$100, per count of conviction, to be deposited in the Crime Victim Fund, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3013(a).

The defendant is aware that the court may order the defendant to pay a fine sufficient to reimburse the government for the costs of any imprisonment, probation or supervised release.

Defendant was advised that the ultimate sentence was a matter solely for the court to decide in its discretion and that, even if the maximum imprisonment term and fine were to be imposed upon him, he later could not withdraw his guilty plea if he was unhappy with the sentence of the court. The defendant understood this.

Defendant was explained what the supervised release term means. It was emphasized that cooperation with the United States Probation officer would assist the court in reaching a fair sentence.

Emphasis was made on the fact that at this stage, no prediction or promises as to the sentence to be imposed could be made by anyone. Defendant responded to questions in that no promises, threats, inducements or predictions as to what sentence will be imposed have been made to him.

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3 B. Admonishment of Constitutional Rights

4 To assure defendant's understanding and awareness of his rights, defendant
5 was advised of his right:6 1. To remain silent at trial and be presumed innocent, since it is the
7 government who has the burden of proving his guilt beyond a reasonable doubt.8 2. To testify or not to testify at trial, and that no comment could be made by
9 the prosecution in relation to his decision not to testify.10 3. To a speedy trial before a district judge and a jury, at which he would be
11 entitled to see and cross examine the government witnesses, present evidence on his
12 behalf, and challenge the government's evidence.13 4. To have a unanimous verdict rendered by a jury of twelve persons which
14 would have to be convinced of defendant's guilt beyond a reasonable doubt by means
15 of competent evidence.16 5. To use the subpoena power of the court to compel the attendance of
17 witnesses.18 Upon listening to the defendant's responses, observing his demeanor and his
19 speaking with his attorney, that to the best of counsel's belief defendant had fully
20 understood his rights, it is determined that defendant is aware of his constitutional
21 rights.

22 C. Consequences of Pleading Guilty

23 Upon advising defendant of his constitutional rights, he was further advised
24 of the consequences of pleading guilty. Specifically, defendant was advised that by
25 pleading guilty and upon having his guilty plea accepted by the court, he will be
26 giving up the above rights and would be convicted solely on his statement that he is
27 guilty.

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Furthermore, the defendant was admonished of the fact that by pleading guilty he would not be allowed later on to withdraw his plea because he eventually might disagree with the sentence imposed, and that when he were under supervised release, and upon violating the conditions of such release, that privilege could be revoked and he could be required to serve an additional term of imprisonment. He was also explained that parole has been abolished.

D. Plea Agreement

The parties have entered into a written plea agreement that, upon being signed by the government, defense attorney and defendant, was filed and made part of the record. Defendant was clearly warned and recognized having understood that:

1. The plea agreement is not binding upon the sentencing court.

2. The plea agreement is an "agreement" between the defendant, defense attorney and the attorney for the government which is presented as a recommendation to the court in regards to the applicable sentencing adjustments and guidelines, which are advisory.

3. The agreement provides a sentencing recommendation and/or anticipated sentencing guideline computation, that can be either accepted or rejected by the sentencing court.

4. In spite of the plea agreement and any sentencing recommendation contained therein, the sentencing court retains full discretion to reject such plea agreement and impose any sentence up to the possible maximum penalty prescribed by statute.

5. The defendant understands that if the court accepts this agreement and sentences defendant according to its terms and conditions, defendant waives and surrenders his right to appeal the conviction and sentence in this case.

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Defendant acknowledged having understood this explanation.

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E. Government's Evidence (Basis in Fact)

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The government presented a proffer of its evidence with which the defendant basically concurred.

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Accordingly, it is determined that there is a basis in fact and evidence to establish all elements of the offense charged.

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F. Voluntariness

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The defendant accepted that no leniency had been promised, no threats had been made to induce him to plead guilty and that he did not feel pressured to plead guilty. He came to the hearing for the purpose of pleading guilty and listened attentively as the prosecutor outlined the facts which it would prove if the case had proceeded to trial.

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IV. Conclusion

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The defendant, by consent, has appeared before me pursuant to Rule 11, Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, and has entered a plea of guilty as to count two of the indictment.

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After cautioning and examining the defendant under oath and in open court, concerning each of the subject matters mentioned in Rule 11, as described in the preceding sections, I find that the defendant Noel J. Rivera-Candelario is competent to enter this guilty plea, is aware of the nature of the offense charged and the maximum statutory penalties that the same carries, understands that the charge is supported by the government's evidence, has admitted to every element of the offense charged, and has done so in an intelligent and voluntary manner with full knowledge of the consequences of his guilty plea.

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3 Therefore, I recommend that the court accept the guilty plea of the defendant
4 and that the defendant be adjudged guilty as to count two of the indictment. The
5 United States will request the dismissal of count one.

6 This report and recommendation is filed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B)
7 and Rule 72(d) of the Local Rules of Court. Any objections to the same must be
8 specific and must be filed with the Clerk of Court within five (5) days of its receipt.
9 Rule 510.1, Local Rules of Court; Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b). Failure to timely file specific
10 objections to the report and recommendation is a waiver of the right to review by the
11 district court. United States v. Valencia-Copete, 792 F.2d 4 (1st Cir. 1986).

12 At San Juan, Puerto Rico, this 20th day of October, 2008.

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14 S/ JUSTO ARENAS
Chief United States Magistrate Judge

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